Republican Senators Pledged to Change the Rules If Necessary to Pass the Bill - Democrats and Free-columns Republicans Planning to Mend It Of.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The United States Senate again has a bitter partisan political contest on hand, and neither Republicans nor Democrats are able to predict what the out-come will be. The Force bill of Senator Hoar. called by courtesy the Federal Elections bill, is again up for consideration and by a strict party vote has secured the right of way. Once before when this measure came before the Fenate its consideration was postponed by means of a shrewd scheme concocted and carried into effect by the Chairman of the National Republican Committee. sided by the votes of a few of his party friends who were of the opinion that the masses of the people were opposed to placing such an unpopular and partisan law upon the statute books. After Senator Quay had de-feated the consideration of the bill last session in the interest. as he said, of the Tariff bill, the Rannblican Senators, who number forty-three. edged themselves in writing to take up the Elections bill at this session and bring it to a vote. In accordance with that pledge the measure was called up to-day by Senator Hoar, stituted for the one passed in the House and known as the Lodge bill, and, by a strict party vote, it was made the unfinished business to come before the Senate day after day until dis-

surprised that the Republicans should paralet in supporting such a measure as this election bill in view of the lesson taught by the recent election, and they are determined that the bill shall not become a law. They have not yet determined, however, what steps are necessary to prevent such a result. The Republican Senators have pledged themselves co change the rules of the Senate If necessary to get a vote upon the bill, and the Democrats are determined that the rules shall not be changed. Senator Gorman, who is the recognized tactical leader on the Democratic side of the chamber, held numerous conferences with any regular caucus to discuss the situation. The Democratic Senators rarely caucuses, and but one meeting of this kind has been called since the death of Senator Beck, who was the former Chairman of the Caucus Committee. therefore, the Democratic Senators have no organized plan of opposition they will fight the consideration of the bill at every stage and cedure. The Republicans intend, of course, to allow what they call a reasonable time for decallow what they call a reasonable time for debate, but when they are satisfied that the bill
cannot be brought to a vote by the ordinary
processes of legi-lation the new rule for ordering the previous question will be brought forward. The Democrate can, of course, talk
against the adoption of the new rule indefinitely under the spresent system, but the
Republicans have determined that after a certain amount of debate the Democratic Senators shall be ignored and the question of the
adoption of the new rule shall be put to the
Senate arbitrarily by the Chairman.

An unpublished part of the Republican programme, but a part which is well understood, is that when the time comes for the
adoption of heroic measures Vice-President
Korton shall take a vacation and the gavel
shall be grasped by Senator Ingalls. When
the time arrives for ignoring the demands of
the Democratio Senators for further debate
upon whatever question is before the Senate,
Mr. Ingalls, it is expected, will be unyielding
and will recognize a Republican Senator for a
motion to close debate and bring the Force
bill to a vote.

The Democrate think that at least a week or

and will recognize a liepublican senator for a motion to close debate and bring the Force bill to a vote.

The Democrate think that at least a week or ten days will be consumed in ordinary debate upon the bill before there will be any necessity for unusual measures toward ordering the previous question. It has been arranged that as many Democratic Benators as can conveniently do so will address the Senate, but no definite programme has been arranged for defeating the plans of the Republicans. A scheme that may prove effective is being quietly discussed however, and it is quite probable that Senator and his radicar colleagues may be surprised by a defeat at the hands of a combination of Republican and Democratic Senators similar to the defeat which they encountered last session. It is said on very good authority that a combination is being formed between the Democratic Senators and these of the Republicans who are in favor of a free silver bill to antagonize at the proper stage the consideration of the Elections bill with a motion to proceed with the consideration of the bill introduced to-day by Senator Plumb providing for free colnage. Several Republican Senators have been sounded as to the practicability of this plan, and the authors of it feel certain that it can be successfully carried out. There are, it is thought, at least a dozon Republican Senators who are very much in entrest in their demand for free authors of it feel certain that it can be suc-cessfully carried out. There are, it is thought, at least a dozen liepublican Senators who are very much in carnest in their demand for free coinage, and who are in addition strongly or-posed to any law on the subject of Federal elections. These Senators, it is true, are pledged to vote for the consideration of the Elections bill, but they could without violating their pledge help to get the Free Coinage bill into such a parliamentary status that nothing could be passed until it was disposed of. The temper of this class of Republican Senators can be judged by a remark which Senator Teller made to-day. He said, with striking emphasis: emphasis:
"Dama the Federal Elections bill! We want

Teller made to-day. He said, with striking emphasis:

"Damn the Federal Elections bill! We want free coinage worse than anything else."

With such a feeling as this among at least a dozen Senators, two of whom are the new men sworn in yesterday from Wyoming, it would appear to be quite practicable for the Democrate and free-coinage Senators to effect a combination that would keep the Elections bill in the rear and the Silver bill in the front until the 4th of March should arrive or until the appropriation bills should come forward with the legal right of way. Senator Vest is said to be the organizer of this combination in the interest of free coinage and against the Force bill, and he will bring it forward at the proper time. Even should Senator Hoar and the ether radical Senators succeed in forcing the Elections bill through the Senato, it is doubtful if it would ever reach the President. The bill which he Senator as a substitute for the bill which he Senator as a substitute for the bill which passed the House of Representatives, and which was the joint product of Representative Lodge, Chairman of the Secal Committee on Elections, and Representative Sough. Chairman of the Republicans could be held together to pass the Elections bill again, and several of the members who voted for it before say they did so under the orders of Speaker Reed and in the face of a political necessity. Speaker Reed's power is broken now, and the political necessity which was supposed to exist no longer confronts the Republicans. It is possible, therefore, that even if the Senate should pass the Hoar bill and send it to the House Mr. Reed could not whip in a majority of the Republican members to make the bill a law. It is just possible that if the radical leaders of the Senate can force the Elections bill to a square vote, it may be passed, for the would require the loss of 14 Republican votes to cause its deleat. The Democrate rely for their success, however, on their ability to kill the bill indirectly by some such means as the cans

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

The Ferce Bill Taken Up in the Senate, the Copyright Bill in the House. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—In the Senate to-day, at the expiration of the hour devoted to the calendar, Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.) moved to proceed to the consideration of the House bill to mend and supplement the election laws of the United States and to provide for the more efficient enforcement of such laws.

Mr. Gorman (Dem., Md.) demanded the yeas The yeas and nays were taken, and the vote (a strictly party one) resulted: Yeas, 41; nays, 30. So the Election bill was taken up, and the clerk began to read it. The reading went on monotonously, and to empty chairs, up to 2 o'clock, when, under the rules of the Senate, the "unfinished business" from the last session came up, being the House bill providing for the adjustment of accounts of laborers. workmen, and mechanics arising under the

eight-hour law. Mr. Hoar moved to proceed with the consideration of the Election law, and Mr. Gorman rose to argue against that motion. The point of order was made by Mr. Hoar that the motion was not debatable; and the presiding officer (Mr. Hale, Rep., Me.) decided in support of the point of order, but said that he would submit the question to the determination of the Senate.

Mr. Gorman claimed the right to discuss the

the ground that a subsidiary question arising

point of order. Mr. Hoar denied that right, on

out of a matter that is itself undebatable, cannot be debated.
Mr. Butler (Dem., S. C.) inquired what the

effect of Mr. Hoar's motion, if agreed to, would be on the "unfinished business." The Presiding Officer—The effect of it would be to bring the Election bill before the Senate,

vote of the Senate.

Mr. Butler—Then the effect of the motion would be to postpone, indefinitely, the unfinished business? The Presiding Officer-The Eight-hour bill will take the place on the calendar which it holds now. What will be the final effect on the bill is not a parliamentary question for the

and the "unfinished business" would not be

taken up at any time alterward, except by a

Chair to decide. Mr. Butler-Do I understand the Chair to say

Chair to decide.

Mr. Butler—Do I understand the Chair to say that this Eight-hour bill will retain its place on the calendar without unanimous consent?

The Presiding Officer—The bill that it displaced will return to the calendar and can be taken up at any time by a vote of the Senate.

Mr. Blair (Rep. N. H.)—I sak unanimous consent that the unfinished business be temporarily laid aside.

Mr. Harris (Dem., Tenn.)—I object to its being informally laid aside; but I want to appeal to the Senator from Maryland and other friends not to press the question of order. I am well satisfied that the motion of the Senator from Massachusetts to proceed to the consideration of the Election bill is in order.

Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.)—I called for the reading of the Eight-hour bill. I did not know what its provisions were, and I wanted to understand what the measure was which (when half finished) is antagonized by the Election law. I believe that it is a bill to provide justice for laborers, and, if that be the fact, I have a right to know it. That is my attitude.

Mr. Gorman, having also referred to the Eight-hour bill as one in which many laboring men of the country were interested objection was made by Mr. Hoar to the making of "stump speaches," and Mr. Butler remarked that the Senator from Massachusetts had set the examile. Then, with a view of facilitating matters, and in deflance of the chamber, Mr. Gorman withdrew his opposition to Mr. Hoar's motion, but called for the yeas and nays on it.

Mr. Frre (Rep., Me.)—The Senator from Mary.

Hear's motion, but called for the yeas and nays on it.

Mr. Frye (Rep., Me.)—The Senator from Mary land usually talks good sense; but in the matter now before the Senate he certainly does not. The Labor bill—the Republican side of the Senate favoring it.

Mr. Butler—I must object to the Senator's proceeding with his remarks.

Mr. Frye (not heeding the objection)—And having favored it.—

Mr. Butler—I object.

Mr. Butler—I object.

Mr. Frye—Let me finish the sentence.

Mr. Butler—No, sir. I object.

Mr. Frye (persisting)—Is now in the hands of the minority.

the minority.

Mr. Butler—I object.

The question was taken on Mr. Hoar's motion to proceed with the Election bill, and it was agreed to by a strict party vote—yeas. S6: nays. S0.

agreed to by a strict party vote—year. S6; nays. S0.

Mr. Biair, who had voted with the majority, gave notice that at the earliest opportunity, subject to the Election bill, he would move that the Benate proceed to the consideration of the Labor bill just displaced.

The Clerk resumed the reading of the bill at page 27, and had proceeded as far as page 59 (the whole number of pages covered by the House bill being 76) when Mr. Hoar suggested for the convenience of Senators that the reading of the remainder of the House bill be dispensed with and that the Senate substitute be read, the debate not to be entered on this atternoon. There being no objection that course was followed, and the Clerk began the reading of the Senate substitute, which cover 58 printed pages. The reading of the bill was finished at 4:50 o'clock, and the Senate then adjourned until to-morrows. at 4:50 o'clock, and the Senate then adjourned until to-morrow.

Among the bills introduced and referred to day was one by Mr. Teller to declare the unit of value in the United States and to provide free coinage for the standard sliver dollar, one by Mr. Plumb for the free coinage of gold and sliver bullion, one by Mr. Daniel to allow a relate or drawback on tobacco and snuff held in stock on Jan 1. 1891, and one by Mr. Ingalls authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to distribute seed to the citizens of Kansas and Nebraska who have suffered from drought during the present year.

House of Representatives.

The Speaker laid before the House the Senate bill referring to the Court of Claims the claim of the Chesapeake Female College for property destroyed during the war.

Mr. Wheeler (Dem., Ala.), taking advantage of a recognition, proceeded to argue that the omission of section 30 of the Tariff bill from the enrolled copy rendered the entire bill a nullity. In vain did the Speaker endeavor to confine Mr. Wheeler's remarks to the bill under discussion. Mr. Wheeler contended that his remarks were pertinent, in so far as the pending measure involved an expenditure of noney—the money which was to be raised by the tariff act. He quoted precedents in sup port of his position that the whole Tariff bill was a nullity.

The pending bill was passed-yeas, 121 nays, 86. In the morning hour, Mr. Simonds (Rep. Conn.), from the Committee on Patents, called up for consideration the Copyright bill, and moved an amendment providing that the act shall go into effect on July 1, 1891. Mr. Simonds demanded the previous question on the bill and amendment. It was ordered-yeas, 106; mays, 73. The House then adjourned. the bill and amendment. It was orderedyeas, 106: mays. 73. The House then adjourned,
leaving the bill as unfinished business.

The proposition of the bill is to permit foreigners to take American copyright on the
same basis as American citizens in three cases:
First, when the nation of the foreigner permits
copyright to American citizens on substantially the same basis as its own citizens; second,
when the nation of the foreigner gives to
American citizens copyright privileges similar
to those provided for in this bill: third, when
the nation of the foreigner is a party to an international agreement, providing for reciprocity in copyright by the terms of which agreement the United States can become a party
thereto at its pleasure. A subsidiary but important proposition to the bill is that all books
copyrighted under the proposed act shall be
printed from type set within the United
States or from plates made therefrom.

Four More Ballot-box Stuffers Convicted. The trial of the fourth Jersey City Election Board for conspiracy came to a sudden ending yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, When District Attorney Winfield announced that the State rested Mr. Hudspeth of counsel for the defence said that, after consultation with his colleagues, it had been decided not to offer any testimony for the defence, and he was willing to submit the case without argument if Mr. Winfield had no objection. Mr. Winfield was willing, and Judge Lippincott submitted the case to the jury, saying that under the circumstances the Court deemed it unnecessary to deliver any charge. After an absence of about fifteen minutes the jury returned into court with a verilet of guity. Jude Lippincett and his associates Judges Parton and Hoffman, consulted together for a few minutes, after which Judge Lippincett announced that sentence would be pronounced to-day.

It was ascertained afterward that Judge Lippincett intended to give the defendants two years in State prison, on account of the aggravated character of the case, but the Associate Lay Judges would not consent to a more severe punishment than the other convicted election officers had received, eighteen months. Pending the sentence the convicted officers—John J. Miller, John Green, Francis Whelan, and Patrick J. Kennedy—are confined in the county jail. When they are sentenced to-day an appeal will be taken and they will be admitted to ball. to deliver any charge. After an absence of

A Scramble Over the Roof Tops, A dozen men and young women who were at work in the silver-plating establishment in the upper part of the seven-story building, 125 and 127 Worth street, had to scramble over the roof tops to escape from fire last evening. The roof tops to escape from fire last evening. The flames broke out on the second floor, which is occupied by Price Brothers & Co., label printers, who also rent the third story. When the fire was discovered a dense smoke was rolling up the stairways, cutting off the hands on the top floors. Some of the girls were badly scared, but all escaped without injury. The floor where the fire started was badly damaged, and the total loss is about \$2,000. Former buildings on the site burned two years ago.

The report that Signor Succi is beginning to show mental evidence of the strain of his atbrought a number of physicians to Koster & brought a number of physicians to Koster & Bial's yesterday, when he floished the twenty-seventh day of his exteriment. The doctors found him cheerful, but at intervals he was light-headed. This condition was attributed mainly to his confinement and his breathing of impure air. Succi lost three-quarters of a jound yesterday. He smoked a little, and drank twenty-one ounces of water, chiefly mineral water.

Luura Jean Libbey's Latest.

A grand love song that has startled the country: out two days and selling at the rate of 100.000 copies daily; young girls are wild with delight over it; the title of the song tells the

"Lovers Once but Strangers Now." -44s.

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS. MAHONE WARKS UP AND EN.

More Democratic Representatives to be Unseated This Session-Sessior Saw-yer to Retire-Admiral Porter III,

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Ex-Senator Mahone of Virginia, who is stopping at John Chamber-lin's hotel, thinks he had a narrowescape from being robbed last night or rather this morning and that a curious stranger had a narrow es cape from death. The Senator retired, as is his custom, toward sunrise and placed his trousers with their famous drawing string over the back of his chair by the side of his equally famous ruffled shirt. He had been asleep but a few moments when he was aroused by a noise in the room, and he was astounded to see a man crawling across the floor on his hands and knees and reaching out toward the Virginia trousers. Mahone gazed a moment at the crawler and then reached under his pillow for the Derringer which he usually places there before retiring. As it chanced, he had forgotton to perform this duty. and the revolver was still in his trousers pocket. He therefore sprang up in bed and yelled. Thief!"

The man, who was dressed only in red flannel drawers, white shirt and stockings, flew out of the room and slammed the door behind him. Mahone slarmed the house, and an investigation was begun. As the intruder had evidently been undressed it seemed certain that he was one of the guests of the house. Chamberlin's is such an exclusive house that the regular boarders can be counted on the fingers of one hand. It was found that the only man who was not known to everybody was a stranger who had arrived the night before and signed himself. Mr. Smith of Newark." When the detectives arrived at the hotel they induced Mr. Smith of Newark." When the detectives arrived at the hotel they induced Mr. Smith to go into Mr. Maisone's room for identification. The ex-Senator glanced him over with his ferret-like eyes, but falled to identify him, and the stranger was allowed to go. As he left the room Mahone exclaimed:

"Damn it! he had his clothes on. I think he was the man. If he would only take his trousers off I could prove it by his drawers."

An hour afterward Mr. Smith site his breakfast in the cafe', paid for it, and sauntered off down town. At noon he sent a boy for his valies, with the cush to pay for his night's lodging. Nothing more has been heard of him.

Benator Sawyer of Wisconsin has made known to his friends his determination to retire from public life at the expiration of his present term in 1893. The Senator says that he will then be 77 years old, and he feels the necessity of resting. He is impressed, too, with the fact that the Republicans of Wisconsin earnestly desire the success of Mr. Spooner in the Senate, and Mr. Sawyer will, therefore, do his utmost to secure the election of a Republican Legislature which will return his young colleague to Washington after a vacation of two years.

Admiral Porter of the navy is critically ill. and his doctors say the chances of his recovery are very slim indeed. He is at his house on H street. His illness has postponed the arrangestreet. His illness has postponed the arrangements for his daughter's wedding, the invitations for which were about to be issued. This daughter has been one of the belles of Washington society for several years. Ten yearage she became engaged to Capt. Campbell of the army, but owing to the opposition of her father the couple have not married. During all this time Capt. Campbell, who is stationed in this city, has never entered the Porter house, although he and his flance have been constant frequenters of the promenades. Recently Mi-s Porter's perseverance prevailed, and her father consented that the marriage should take place.

Dr. S. H. Emmons, an inventor of high ex-

Dr. S. H. Emmons, an inventor of high exday for the copper mines of Maryland. He has day for the copper mines of Maryland. He has been on a visit to the gold fields in Michigan. He reports the existence of a large quantity of rich ore in Marquette county. While here he visited Commodore Folger, chief of naval ordnance, and represented that he had discovered a process of separating the nickel from the matte. At present the system of producing nickel consumes several months. One of the difficulties confronting the department in its scheme for having an alloy of nickel for its armor plates has been the length of time necessary for the production of the material. Dr. Emmons says his process will furnish the nickel within as many days as the present system takes months. The Ordnance Department will examine Dr. Emmons's invention.

It is the intention of Chairman Rowell of the to unsent a few more Demogratic members during the present session. Mr. Rowell said to-day that no steps would be taken in the cases before the holidays, but that soon afterward the executions would begin. Representatives Alderson of West Virginia and Bullock of Georgia are the victims marked for the next slaughter, and they will be unseated probably in January.

The Republican officials of the Senate have appointed to a pageship the young son of the late Senator Riddleberger.

Representative Crisp of Georgia, who is regarded as the leading candidate for the Speakership of the Fifty-second Congress, says the

garded as the leading candidate for the Speakership of the Fifty-second Congress, says the Democrate will make no strenuous opposition to the passage of a reapportionment bill at this session. He says:

The Reapportionment bill will probably give us the most work at this session. It will doubtless be passed, and it may be that the Fenate will make a law of the Force bill. We need not expect any great amount of disturbance over the Apportionment bill. If the measure is constructed on a fair basis, there will be nothing in it for any reasonable man to object to. In many sections the passage of the bill would be of considerable advantage to the Democratic party, for it now controls several Legislatures not ordinarily of that political complexion. With a combination of Democratic Legislature and Reapportionment bill some of the newly captured States might easily be redistricted.

"It is not improbable that this session will cause the Census Bureau some uneasiness. Complaints from New York as to the inaccuracy of that city's census are too numerous to be disregarded, and the testimony of the police census seems to be convincingly strong.

"Don't ask me what was the cause of the earthquake on the fourth. It was totally inexplicable, as a general thing. Different localities were differently affected. There are in this Congress twenty-three or twenty-four Southern Republicans. In the next Congress there will be just four, and the Force hill did it. It absolutely paralyzed the Republican party in the Bouth."

Mr. Frank's Apportionment Bill. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—In the House to-day Mr. Frank of Missouri introduced for reference a bill making an apportionment of the Representatives in Congress under the eleventh census. It provides that after March 3, 1893, the House of Representatives shall be omposed of 356 members, to be apportioned among the several States as follows:

among the several States as follows:

Alabama 9: Arkansas 8: California 7: Colorada 2:
Connecti ut, 4: Deliswara, 1: Florida 2: Georgia, 11:
Idaho, 1: Illinois, 22: Indiana 12: Jowel 1: Ransas, 8:
Rentuckr, 10: Michigan, 12: Minesota, 7: Missi, 11: Minesota, 7: Missi, 11: Missi, 11: Minesota, 7: Missi, 1: New Hampselfe, 2: New Jarasey, 1: New York, 34:
North Carolina U. North Dakota, 1: Ohio, 21: Oregon, 2: Fennsylvania, 30: Rhede Island, 2: South Carolina, 7: South Dakota, 2: Transplyania, 30: Rhede Island, 2: South Carolina, 7: South Dakota, 2: Transplyania, 30: Rhede Island, 2: South Carolina, 7: South Dakota, 2: Transplyania, 30: Rhede Island, 2: South Carolina, 7: South Dakota, 2: Transpland, 3: Wisconsin, 10: Warnington, 2: West Virginia, 4: Wisconsin, 10: Warnington, 2: Warnington, 2 Section 8 of the bill provides:

Section 8 of the bill provides:
That in each State entitled to membership under this apportionment the number to which such State may be entitled in the Fifty-third and each subsequent Congress shall be elected by districts composed of territory contiguous adoluning, and commact so that its distances from the central point of the district to the several boundaries of the district shall be an early equal as practicable. The population of no district shall be greater nor less than the average population of the several districts of the State by more than eight thousand. The districts shall be equal in number to the Representatives to which such state may be entitled in Congress, no district electing more than one Representative.

Against Improvement of Gowanus Bay. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-Lieut.-Col. Gillespie. in charge of the river and harbor improvements in New York. after a preliminary survey of Gowanus Bay, reports that it is not worthy of improvement to the extent contemplated. Col. Gillesnie says that the present project, which provides for a depth of twenty-one feet, will, on completion, meet every need.

Awful Gardner Gets \$4,000 New BRUNSWICE, Dec. 2 .- Orville Gardner. otherwise called "Awful" Gardner, formerly prize fighter, but who long ago was converted to religion, left the Metuchen Home for the Aged seven months ago. His wife remained there. He charged cruelty, while the Home managers said he was unmanageable. On Thursday last the wife died. The night before he called to see her, but owing to the lateness of the bour the matron refused to admit him. He was admitted the next day and he saw her before she died.

Yesterday he reappeared at Metuchen to get before she died.
Yesterday he campeared at Metuchen to get her effects. He said he had received \$4,000 on an insurance policy on his wife's life, the condition of the policy being that the survivor was to receive that amount. Gardner will invest the money and live on the interest in a boarding house, using a part of the principal if there is need.

Send or Mail to our office, corner Park and Clinton ave., or P. O. box 55, Brooklyn, at and sit av., while the trade wonders now long it will 25 German Laundry Seap Wrappers, and we'll send you a Handsome Picture.

Not a Local Disease

Beeness entarrh affects your head, it is not therefore a local disease. If it did not exist in your blood, it senid not manifest itself in your note. The blood now in your brain is before you finish reading thin article nack in your heart again, and soon distributed to your liver, stemach, hidneys, and so on. Whatever impurities the blood dees not carry away cause what we call itsease. ties the blood deer not carry away cause what we call diseases. Therefore, when you have enterth of the head a snuff or other inhalant can at most give only temperary relief. The only way to effect a cure is to attack the disease in the blood by taking a constitutional remedy like Hood's Barsaparilla, which eliminates all impurities and thus permanently cures catarrh. The success of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by G. L HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

AMERICANS PETITION RUSSIA.

Distinguished People Who Ask Mr. Bluing to Intercede in Bahaif of Sophie Gunsberg. Nearly every nationality on the face of the lobe was represented at the meeting held in Cooper Union last night to protest against the execution of Sophie Gunsberg, the young Russinn girl who is condemned to death in Russia on suspicion of being a Nihilist. The Rev. Archdeacon Mackay Smith presided. The pre-Archdeacon Mackay Smith presided. The preamble to the resolutions declare that "information has recently reached the United
States that Sophie Gunsberg, a young Russian
girl only it years of are, has been sentenced
by the Russian Imperial Government to be
hanged; that the offence with which she was
charged was entirely political, and involved
neither an actual nor an attempted orime of
such a nature as to merit capital punishment;
that her trial was conducted before a military
tribunal with closed doors, and in disregard of
all those safeguards for the protection of accused persons which belongs to the jurisprudence of civilized countries."

The resolutions in very moderate language
entrent the Russian Government to modify the
sentence. A copy will be sent to the Russian
Minister at Washington with a request that
he forward it to his Government, and snother
copy will be sent to Secretary Blaine, with the
dusaberg.

Among the speakers were Mrs. Markaret.

idea that he will intercede on behalt of Sophie Gunsberg.

Among the speakers were Mrs. Margaret Moore, Thaddeus B. Wakeman, and Mrs. Lillie Devesurs Blake. Among those who had consented to the use of their names as Vice-Presidents of the meeting, and those who had promised to sign a petition on behalf of Miss Gunsberg, were Mr. and Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Rutherford B. Hayes, Chauncey M. Dejew, Elizabeth Cady Stanton. Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi, Mr. George Innes, Jr., Mrs. Mary E. Shone, Mis. Florence Howe Hull, Mayor Grant, Governor Hill, Bishop Potter, Lyman Abbott, William Steinway, Theodore W. Myers, Heber Newton, Cyrus W. Field, the Rev. Dr. John Hull, Francis Thurler, Corpelius Van Cott, Thomas E. Platt, Hamilton Fish, William M. Evarts, and Lloyd Bryce.

TREASURER STANTON RESIGNS.

The Madison Square Garden Directors Not Yet (ifficially Notified.

Edmund C. Stanton resigned yesterday the Treasurership of the Madison Square Garden time that Mr. Stanton was dissatisfied and intended to resign. He was elected Treasurer of the company when it was organized. The office was salaried.

Mr. Stanton says in explanation of his resignation that he found he was supposed to be the manager of the Garden. He was elected Treasurer, and he did not care to assume the responsibilities that did not belong to him, or

responsibilities that did not belong to him, or to be placed in a false position. Mr. Stanton says that his relations with the directors and stockholders of the theatre are of the most friendly nature.

Mr. T. Henry French, who is the manager of the Madison Square Garden Company, said last night: "I have not heard officially that Mr. Stanton has resigned. There was a meeting of the Board of Directors yesterday and nothing was said then about it. The only responsibilities connected with the management that have been forced on Mr. Stanton have been the ball leases of the Garden. I did not have time to attend to them. I do not know what he means when he says that he was supposed to act as manager."

It was reported several days ago that Mr. Stanton was going to assume the management of the Garden Theatre, as the directors did not want to be tothered with it. Mr. French said last night that he would probably manage that theatre himself if he could get the lease of it on antisfactory terms. If he does the Duff Opera Company will probably open there in January.

TWO STAGE-STRUCK GIRLS.

the Anxiety and Trouble They Gave Their Parents When They Ran Away. COVINGTON, Ky., Dec. 2.-Just a year ago 18rear-old Octavia Willing and 16-year-old Nellie Crampton left their homes at Winston, S. C., and dropped out of sight. Miss Willinghad \$900 to her credit in bank at the time she left, but drew out only \$200 of it. Miss Crampton raised about \$500. There seems to be nothing on which to base even a guess as to why the girls left or where the went.

girls left or where the went.

At last a clue was obtained by accident at Charleston, S. C. Then began a chase that reached every principal city of the United States east of Omaha. Indennite clues were obtained at many points. On Saturday they were located in this city, but the discovery was kept accret until friends of the wanderers arrived. The young women were frantic with joy at the prospect of going home. They said they had become stage struck, and went first to Atlanta, then to Charleston. They had a few weeks' regular employment only, but afterward got work in a theatre. They had decided to go home, and reached Covington when their money failed, and they stopped. The parents thave spent \$5,000 in search of the runaways.

A Lot of Gibbs Men Join Tammany. Since election John C. Sheehan, the Tammany leader in the Thirteenth district, and his lieutenants have been doing considerable missionary work in the ranks of the Gibbs men. The Tammany association met last night at Eighth avenue and Twenty-sixth street, and Mr. Sheehan announced a long list of applicants for membership. They included of applicants for membership. They included Adolph Hermann, George W. Quinn, and Philip Lynch, two of the ex-Wicked's late lieutenants, Alexander Reed, general superintendent of the Cornell Iron Works; William R. Allen, clothler: Da-del T. Wilkinson, George Nixon, Thomas Sluter, John Geagen, James Armitage, Warren Springstesd, and George I. Meineil. All of these men are former Rouphicans, and the majority of them supported Gibbs. They were elected to membership, and so were these Democrats: A. D. Burr. John A. Horan, Bernard Cregan, James Kennedy, William Pursell, Charles V. Bunten, Michael McChrystal, P. J. Casey, M. Block, John McAvoy, William Lisserson, Thomas M. A. Burr. A. M. Liehtenstein, Henry Brady, James Daly, Andrew Leary, and Eugene Reilly.

Eva Hamilton Not Yet Free of the City. District Attorney Fellows renewed yesterday, before Judge Martine, his recommendation that the indictment for conspiracy to defraud Robert Ray Hamilton pending against Mrs. Eva Hamilton Joshua J. Mann. and T. Anna Swinton be disposed of as the indictment for grand larceny was in December; that is, that the defendants be discharged upon is, that the defendants be discharged upon their own recognizance. Col. Fellows made the recommendation he said, because, owing to Mr. Hamilton's death, no conviction could be obtained. Mrs. Hamilton, it is understood, would like to visit this town in pursuance of her contest of Mr. Hamilton's will, but as long as the conspiracy indictment is in force she cannot do so without danger of being arrested and held for trial under it. Judge Martine reserved his decision.

In the Surrogate's Court on the 12th the will contest will be up on the preliminary question whether or not Eva is the widow of ltay Hamilton. She will be represented by Charles L. Fuller, and arrayed against him will be Elihu Root and Henry L. Sprague.

Where Yesterday's Fires Wore. A. M .- 5:15, 200 Greene street, unfinished building lamage \$300; 6:45, 221 East Fifty eighth street, A. bul-ivan's house damage \$25; 10:45, 1,623 First avenue. John Sheridan's apartments, damage \$200.

P. M.—2-0, 80 Cortlandt street, Henry Shaver's telegraph instrument factory, damage \$200.

Discounting the street of the street of the street is an insense \$2,000. 5:25. 8 Rizabet street is an insense \$2,000. 8:25. 12 to be street in the same \$2,000. 8:25. 12 to be street of the st

EXILSS OF THE TROTTING TURP. A Great Many Cases Before the Board of

Shortly after 7 o'clock last evening the regu-

lar December session of the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association began in a parlor of the Murray Hill Hotel. Major P. P. Johnston, Lexington, President of the N. T. A. was in the chair, and the rest of the Board was made up as follows: Vice-President, David Bonner of this city: George M. Stoarns. Chicopee, Mass., from the Eastern dis-trict; George W. Archer. President of the Rochester Association, from the Atlantic district; G. M. Fogg. Nashville, from the Central district; Frank L. Coombs. Napa. Cal., from the Pacific district. This last has not usually had a representative, and there is no one from the Western district, though John L. Mitchell is expected from Milwaukee to-day. These prominent patrons of trotting consti tute the supreme court of the N. T. A., and will consider the various appeals and applications that have arisen in con-nection with races in all parts of the country. The outer parlor served as the court room for spectators and litigants, and was pretty well filled all the evening. Among those from out of town, who have business the Board, were Augustus Sharpe, R. S. Veech, and Bethel Veech, well-known breeders from Louisville. They are concerned in the cele brated Earl case, which arises out of the claim that the horse, owned by Mr. Sharpe, trotted out of his class at Louis-Sharpe, trotted out of his class at Louisville, as he had got a technical record before the race. There was culte a delegation from Boston, including H. A. Willia, owner of Mysile Park, with J. J. Bowen, and John Trout, who trained at the Hub. C. H. Nelson had come on from Maine to look after his interests should the Board decide to go into the famous Nelson-Alcryon matter. It seems a question whether the injunction taken out by Noble will operate in Nelson's case as well, so that there is a possibility that the merits of the Boston race may be got at this week. Frank L. Herdie came over from Philadelphia, and there were several more turfmen from that city, among them C. H. Page, J. Ridey, Jr. E. L. Robinson, and J. M. Pettit, D. B. Herrington of Hudson River Park at Poughkeepsie. Charles Green of Utica, Horace Brown, and Hiram G. Smith were professional reinsmen of nots noticed, Several trotting turfites and road riders of this city were there also, such as W. F. Redmond. Treasurer of the National Breeders' Association: A. A. Bonner, E. C. Walker of the Horseman, W. Johnson, H. R. Murray, S. C. Barnum, and J. MicClennhan.

When President Johnston called his association of Philadelphia saked, as counsel for E. L. Robinson, that his case be heard at once, This is an appeal from the action of the Pimilico Association at Baltimore for suspending the pacing mare Salije C. for non-payment of entry at the last October meeting. As there was nobody to represent the Pimilico Association the Board would not go into the case, though Mr. Coulson insisted that the plaintiff being alsent, his client was entitled to a non-suit. This was overruled, and the lawver made lurther criticism on the procedure of the turf court, at the same time submitting papers in the Saliic C. matter, and another case similar in which Maggie B., a black mare owned by Frank Bome, President of the Belmont Club, is also unler suspension for non-payment to the Baltimore Association.

Then Dr. O. G. Cilley of Boston, who is Surgense was announced as 2:3 before the race. There was quite a delegation

to reinstate him. This case was referred to executive session, as were the others that followed.

Driver Green came next and asked for the rehearing of a decision in connection with a race at Sherwin, where he had Whitesboro Chief in September. 1889. He had won two heats and laid up the third, telling the judges beforehand that he would not try for it. Weights and distance had been waived, and after the third heat the judges ruled Whitesboro Chief out of the race for fraud. Mr. Green said there were no pools sold and no injustice was done. The matter had come before the Board at a previous session, and they upheld the judges, and the Utica trainer now asked for a decision reversing the former one. This case was not decided.

J. M. Petilt asked that the fine of \$100 imposed on him during the Grand Circuit meeting at Point Breeze Park, Philadelphia, on the 18th of last September be remitted. Petit was put up to drive Sadie M. in the third heat and forced Scramble out in 2:25. It was decisred no heat, he was fined, and W. J. Andrews put behind the mare. Mr. Petiti swore that he tried to win, and had driven Sadie M. faster than any one else in that race. He said that the judges had agreed that they were hasty in punishing him, and two of them had assented to a return of the fine. It is probable that the gray-haired trainer will get his money back.

Then a number of cases in which the Boston horsemen are interested were heard. A protest against the pacers Harry Wilkes and Dirigo Maid for trotting in a race at Worcester, Mass., claimed that they were both in John Trauts stable, and he gave testimony to show that they were both in John Trauts stable, and he gave testimony to show that they were both in John Trauts stable, and he gave testimony for how, who was put in to drive him, swore that he did not know whether he was Frank M. J. J. Bowen, who was put in to drive him, swore that he did not know whether he was Frank M. J. or not, and Trout testified that he

rincer, whose proper name is Frank M. J. J. Bowen, who was put in to drive him, swore that he did not know whether he was Frank M. or not, and Trout testified that he had warned the owner, J. F. Desmond, a rich shoe manufacturer at Mariborough, that the intoter was not straight. These cases were also held for executivesession:

A young man from Goehen, this State named Ira Ryerson, was introduced by W. H. Ludium, who said he wanted to have a rehearing of the case tried at Chicago last May, when Ryerson and the gray gelding Taylerson were expelled. The charge was that of starting the trotter at Joliet, Ill., under the name of Tryon, Young Ryerson swore that he was never in Illinois with his horse, but admitted that when a photograph was sent to Secretary Morse it was of another borse. Mr. Ludium said he thought there should be an investigation, as the evidence was conflicting. Col. E. S. Edwards appeared for I. H. Pamling against Ridey Bros. of Philadelphia, asking that money now in Becretary Morse's hands paid by J. R. for entrance fees be turned over to Mr. Pamling. Thos. Trimble, a stable keeper on Fifty second street, appeared by E. N. Chester, and asked that his reinstatement be made permanent. Mr. Trimble and the bay gelding Billy had been expelled at Fleetwood two years ago on the charge of starting under an allea, W. Johnston appeared for the Driving Club, and opposed the application. Finally be asked for a continuance till the next meeting. The Board reserved decision and adjourned at a liste hour to meet at 10 celock this forenoon.

Gifts to Ithaca and Cornell.

ITHACA, Dec. 1 .- The family of the late ex-Senator Edward S. Esty of this city have given to the Ithaca City Hospital Association the residence and grounds here of Boston's former Postmaster, Gen. William L. Burt, together with a sufficient sum to equip the property for immediate use as a hospital.

The late D. B. Fayerweather, who died in

The late D. B. Fayerweather, who died in New York last month, was probably the wealthiest leather merchant in America. He and the late E. S. Esty were intimate friends, and through Mr. Estey the merchant became interested in Cornell University. Mr. Fayerweather's will was drawn by ex-Gov. Stewart L. Woodford. It has not yet been admitted to probate in New York, but from a source considered trustworthy it is learned that he bequeaths \$100.000 unconditionally, and as much more—subject to certain circumstances which may or may not develop in the settlement of the estate—to Cornell University.

Decision Against John T. McKane.

When the regular Democratic organization in the town of Gravesend, Kings county, was disbanded by the Democratic General Com-mittee in December 1887, and a new election took place, John Y. McKane was reflected a delegate to the General Committee but that body refused to admit or recognize him on ac-count of his conlessed disloyalty to the organi-ration. McKane appealed to the courts for refusatatement but was unsuccessful. He ap-pealed to the Court of Appeals, which has affirmed the judgment of the lower court.

To Start a Co-operative Glass Factory. PITTSBURGH, Dec. 2.-The American Window as Assembly 800, Knights of Labor, now pro association has plenty of money in the treas-nry to carry out the scheme. The factory will be run as a cooperative concern, but the profits will go into the treasury of the organi-zation. The object in establishing the factory is to ascertain exactly how much profit there is in the business, that the men may act in-telligently in formulating their wage scales.

Higgins' German Laundry Soap

PAILLARD'S MUSIC BOXES

Marvels of Melody and Mechanism.

Operatic Selections, Symphonies, Gver-tures, Dances, and all the works of the world's famous composers are performed by our Music Boxes with as much deli-cacy of shading and artistic finish as they would have at the hands of Seidl's corns of able artists. corps of able artists. Is difficult to imagine and more difficult

to describe the recently invented me-chanical combinations which make it possible to produce these wonderful orchestral effects.
We therefore invite all lovers of music to visit our warsrooms, where every courtesy and attention will be shown them.

M. J. PAILLARD & CO., 680 BROADWAY.

FACTORY, SWITZERLAND.

OBITUARY.

Emanuele Muzio, who died in Paris yesterday was well known to American music lovers twenty years ago. After a course of study in an Italian conservatory and some experinan Italian conservatory and some experience as a conductor in Italian opera houses, he came to New York, and gave singing lessons until his marriage with Miss Lucy Simons, one of his pupils, quickly followed by a disagreement and a separation took him at road. Toward 1874, Signor Muzio returned to America as conductor of the enterprises of the Strakosch Brothers. "Alda" was pro-duced under his leadership, and he remained in the Strakoschs' employ until their financial collapse. He revisited this country once again, but only on his way to Havana for the opera house in which city he had engaged a CARRIAGE LAP ROBES. troups. Signor Muzio dwelt in Paris, dividing his time between giving singing lessons to professionals mainly, traffic, so to say, in promising Italian vocalists, and the care of Signor Verdi's interests in the French capi tal. The friendship between the great compose and Signor Muzio was close and of long standand signor huzzo was close and of long standing. The conductor always passed two orthree months of such year at Sunt' Again, and when Verdi consented to have "Alda" performed at the Grand Opera House in Paris Muzio assisted him in supervising the robentsals, Signor Muzio was about 57 years of age, and through industry and economy had long been in enjoyment of a competence.

in enjoyment of a competence.

Philip Francis French, one of the proprietors of the old and famous French's Hetel in Park row, died on Monday at 373 Gates avenue, Brocklyn, in his 84th year. He and his brother litchard were two of the oldest hotel men in the United States. They started in business in in 1826 at Monroe and Catherine streets, and subsequently conducted the Merchants' Exchange in Broad street. With Christopher Helser as his partner, Philip Francis French leased Castle Garden from the city authorities from 1843 until 1852, and made it one of the most famous amusement places on the continent. In 1855 he and his brother erected the hotel in Park row. He had been a resident of Brooklyn for fitteen years. His wife died recently. He leaves one son and four daughters. The funeral will take place from the house at 2 P. M. to-day.

John C. Richardson, a noted house dealer of John C. Richardson, a noted horse dealer of Boston, died on Monday, aged 39 years. He was prorrietor of the combination auction stables at 245 Friend street, and one of the most successful horse dealers in the United States. Of late years he has annually shipped from the West 8,000 or 16,000 horses. They called him." Big Rich," because he stood 6 feet 2 inches in his stockings and weighed over 500 pounds. It was about eighteen years ago that he went to Boston from Oregon. Il. In alx more years he was able to establish the combination stables in Portland street, and his business steadily increased. During the last twelve months it is said to have amounted to \$2,000,000.

George W. Hedge of 371 Cumberland street.

do \$2,000.000.

George W. Hedge of 371 Cumberland street, Brocklyn, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday morning, in the office of the Maiden lane branch of the Standard Oil Company, 124 Maiden lane, where he had been confliciential cierk for ten years. He had just arrived at the office when he was taken ill. He was born in Windsor, Vt. seventy-one years ago, and was at one time a member of the firm of Bramhall, Hedge & Co, of Brocklyn, dealers in ranges, He was afterward the confidential clerk of James Wild. Jr., & Co., dealers in clothing. He was a widower and leaves four sons.

Moores Mirick White, who died at his resi-Moores Mirick White, who died at his residence, 56 West Flifty-fourth street, on Sunday, was a ploneer among builders of iron bridges, He was born at Spencer. Mass., eighty-one years ago, and for a time was a merchant at Fyracuse. He came to this city in 1840 and began building bridges, one of the earliest of which was the old Buffalo Creek bridge. He was also a stockholder and officer in street

Dr. John T. Howe died of consumption and acute pneumonia on Monday at 48 West Twenty-fourth street, aged 29 years. He was a son of David P. Howe of New Brunswick, Canada, Dr. Joseph W. Howe, who was fatally stricken with apoplexy on the Umbria last summer, was Dr. John T. Howe's brother. Samuel T. Lancaster of Lowell died on Tuesday, agei 65 years. He was a director of the Merchants' National Bank, a director in the Traders and Mechanics' Insurance Company and Lowell Hostery Company and trustee of the City Institute for Savings.

Col. S. D. Siewart, a brother of United States Benator Stewart, a brother of the Lin-coln Mine, died at Sutter Creek, Cal., yester-day, of apoplexy. He was at one time State Senator in Nevada. Daniel G, Beyen, for more than twenty years supervisor of tracks on the eastern division of the Eric Railroad, died at his home at Utisville, N. Y., on Sunday, aged 74 years,

ville, N. Y., on Sunday, aged 74 years.

Col. T. B. Bryson, for many years President of the First National Bank of Mechanishurg, Pa., and also an extensive dealer in grain, died on Monday, aged 60 years.

Gen. Cadmus M. Wilcox died in Washington yesterday. The funeral will take place on Thursday, at 3 P. M., from St. Matthew's Church, Washington. Capt. Chester Dryer of Ithaca is dead at the age of 72 years. He was for many years the Captain of steamboats running on Cayuga Lake.

Mrs. Harrist E. Ford, widow of the late Ellakim R. Ford, died at her home at Oneonta, N. Y., on Sunday, aged 85 years. Mrs. Hannah Angel Basett. wife of Dr. J. Bassett of Binghamton, died on Friday, aged 72 years. M. Le Grand Villers, Governor of the Bank of France, died yesterday in Paris.

Beparute Reports About Stephanl. Daniel Lord. Jr., one of the Commissioners appointed to pass upon the mental condition f Alphonse Joseph Stephani, who killed ex-Judge Reynolds, told Judge Martine yesterday that the Commissioners have closed the evi-dence, and are preparing separate reports to the Court, which will be submitted.

Great Gale in Newfoundland. St. Johns, Newfoundland, Dec. 2.-There was a terrific gale in this region last night, which olew down houses, barns, and fences outside St. Johns, but no building in the city nor the shipping in the harbor was much damaged. The shipping at Harbor Grace, however, suffered considerable damage. The gale blew at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

Republicans Active in Holland. THE HAGUE, Dec. 2.-Since the death of King William the Dutch Republicans have been particularly active in propagating their principle The police throughout Holland have already solzed a large number of Republican placards, and measures have been adopted to prevent any public dissemination of Republican ideas.

The directors of the Long Island Pree Library, at 568 Atlantic avenue, have resolved to erect a new \$20,000 building A schedule of the assets and Habilities of John II. Doseber, the soap manufacturer who made an assign ment on Saturday, was first with the County Cierk yea-terday. The sotal Habilities amount to Stol. 784.02 and the actual assets are \$73.182.51. The result of the county canvass will be announce to day. It will show that Coomba Democrat. We seeked Congressmen in the Third district over Wallak Espublican, by Land Aspinali Republican Assemb man in the Reventh district over Reinhardt. Den crat by 123 votes. crat by 123 votes.

The Rev. Dr. Leander T. Chamberiain has offered his resignation as pastor of the Bourishing Channal Avenue Freshyterian Chirrch, to take effect at the close of the Broadway Congregational Church in Norwich to take chiefe of the Broadway Congregational Church in Norwich to take chiefe of the Broadway Congregation of the latter have silvays been pleasant. It is understood that in the future he will devote himself exclusively to the work of the United States Evancelical Alliance, whose headquarters is in this city. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Alliance.

Borses, Carringes, &c.

Van Tassell & Kearney's Carriage Repository, 130 & 132 East 13th st., At Private Sale.

AN ENORMOUS ARBORTMENT of all the new etyless
SPRING and SUMMER CARRIAGES.

ALL THE NEW DESIGNS IN OAK, MAPLE, and OTHER
NATURAL WOODS, preminent among which is
the display of Children's Vehicles for doskeys
and position.

BMOUTHNI OR SENSITION, Perby Warons,
Triple Buckboards, Eurreys with and without
eannoy topa, Joubert & White Buckboard for fees
eannoy topa, Joubert & White Buckboard for fees
BROUGHAM AND OUTAGON FRONT BROUGHAMA
EWW and second hand, by the best city builders.

LANDAUS. BIX PASSENGER AND EXTENSION FRONTS: Coupe

LANDAULETS AND MAIL PHAETONS, TOARTS AND REPLOKE PHAETONS, AND PHAETONS, EXTENSION TOP FUNCTIONS OF PHAETONS, TO WAGONS AND NO-TOP WAGONS OF ALL KINDS WAGONS AND DEPOT WAGONS, PAINTED AND DEPOT WAGONS, PAINTED AND DEPOT WAGONS, THE WAGONS AND THE WAGONS, PAINTED AND DEPOT WAGONS, PAINTED AND IN OAK, TILBURYS, DOU'CARTS, AND PONY CARTS

OUR HARNESS BOOM

THE LARGEST AND PINEST STOCK OF
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC HARNESS, HADDLES
AND BRIDLES, WHIPS, YUR AND CLOTE
ROBER BLANKETS, &c.,
IN AMERICA.

HORSES OF ALL KINDS: PAMILY HORSES ROADSTERS
TROTTERS SADDLE HORSES AND WORKER
ALWAYS ON HAND
INTENDING FURCHASERS WILL DO WELL TO RE
AMINE OUR IMMERSES TOCK BEFORE
BUYING ELSEWHERE.

Grand St., New York.

Horse Blankets

FULL ASSORTMENT OF SQUARE, STARLE, QUAR-TER, OR LOIN HORSE BLANKETS, FROM \$1.00 TO

\$10.00 EACH. CARRIAGE LAP ROBES, IN WOOL PLUSE, BEAVER CLOTH, AND CRUSHED PLUSE, PROM \$1.38 TO \$10.00 EACH.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SONS

FLANDRAU&CO.. Fall and Winter

Carriages OF THE BEST CLASS, Broughams, Landaus, Landaulettes, Dmalbuses,

of The Best Class,
roughams,
andaus,
andaus,
andaus,
andaus,
and Electors' Wagons,
Incides' Phactons,
incides Phactons, Runabouts, Fancy Buckboards, Mail Phactons, Spider Phactons,

SECOND-HAND Broughams, Landaulette, Rockaways, Victorias, Rusk-boards, Surreys, Road Wagons, Phaelons, Fancy Traps, Wagonettes, Doc Carta, Ullage, Carta, Bos a Doc, Stan-hope Gira, Stanhope Phaetons, Depot Wagons, Dectors Phaetons, Runabous, Ex. Top Cabriolets, Canopy Vic-toria Phaetons.

LARGEST STOCK Express and Delivery
LARGEST STOCK Carpenter and Flumbers
LARGEST STOCK Wagons.
LARGEST STOCK Wilk and Bakers Wagons.
LARGEST STOCK Wilk and Bakers Wagons.
LARGEST STOCK Wholesale and Retail GenLARGEST STOCK Light Wagons for country to the control of the contr

BRADLEY CARTS. Our Road Carts and Two Wheelers stand at the head of the list, and none better are produced anywhere. We do not manufacture cheap goods but give full value every time. At this season a liradley Road Cart er a Bradley Banner Buggy can save the fine carriague great-ly. Our stock was never more complete than now.

BRADLEY & COMPANY,

DUSINESS WAGONS,—Our hand-made wagons are acknowledged the best for New Tork city streets, and are cheapest to buy. We carry is stock 50 wagons to suit all purposes. Util before purchasing elsewhers. NEW YORK WAGON CO., 680-587 Hudson st., corner Bank.

OND-OFF HUGSON SL. COPIET BANK.

BUNINESS WAGONS, —100 NEW, 10 SECOND-HAND DELIVERY WAGONS ALL STYLES:
FULLY WARRANTED, BUY OF MANUFACTURES.
BAYE MONEY, WAGONS TAREN IN 1-XUHANOR.

HUDSON WACON CO., 542 HUDSON ST. Biding Bendemies.

CENTRAL PARK Riding Academy AND TRAINING AND BOARDING STABLES,
TTH AV. 55TH TO 50 TH ST.
COMPETENT RIDING MANTERS AND
WELL-TRAINED HORNES,
INSPECTION IN VITEB.
Horses boarded \$30 per month.

EQUESTRIAN OUTFITS illustrated catalogues free.

A MANDAMUS FOR JUSTICE HUGAN Britton's Society Will Try to Compel Rim to Issue a Warrant to Its Agent,

John Fincke, an agent of the Society for the Enforcement of the Criminal Law, served a mandamus on Justice Hogan in the Essex Market Court yesterday. The instrument was signed by Judge Andrews of the Supreme Court, and requires the Justice to show cause on Dec. 10 why a warrant should not be issued for the purpose of raiding an alleged disorderly house. The warrant was applied for originally by Agent William H. Churchley on Nov. 26, and Justice Hogan declined to recognize the society until he had seen its charter. Justice Hogan said yesterday: "This is a good opportunity to show up the crookedness of this society. I have learned that Churchley is not acitizen of the United States, not having been in the country long enough. On the application for the warrant I told him that the proper place to go to was the Eldridge street police station. The police are paid to do this sort of work. I have received many letters since my refusal to grant this warrant from citizens who thank me for saving them from the hands of blackmaliers." on Dec. 10 why a warrant should not be issued

A Democrat Succeeds the Father of Peck's Bad Boy,

MILWAUKEE. Dec. 2.—The special election today to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Mayor Peck as Governor was held to-day. The vote was very light Peter J. Bomers. Democrat. was elected.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

A view of our offerings of FINE PURNITURE will convince that the prices plainly marked on each article are much below all competitors. In fact that we are selling at prices they must pay.

THE DESIGNS ARE ARTISTIC AND CONSTRUCTION PERFECT FROM CAREFULLY SELECTED AND PER PARED MATERIALS.

We never attempt to get more than cost of remaking, and therefore cannot take less unless compelled by slow selling, when we remark that all may have the same chance.

LOW DISCOUNTS, AND PRICES ARE TOO LOW FOR SALES ON CREDIT.

WE NEVER SOLICIT OFFERS OF AL

GEO. C. FLINT CO.,

FURNITURE MAKERS, 104, 106, AND 105 WEST 14TH ST.